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L. A. N. E. CRAWFORD & CO. have received their Assortment of SPORTING GUNS, in newest styles, in Cases fitted.

EDIE'S New Metal lined and other CARTRIDGE CASES. White, Grey, and Green proof WANS. CARTRIDGE CASES. Chilled and Ordinary SHOT. PROV. & WHIKS' "Alliance" GUNPOWDER. Receiving, Loading, Kamming and Turn over MACHINES. CARTRIDGE BAGS and BELTS. GAME BAGS. SHOOTING BOOTS. PAPER and SHOT MEASURES and FLASKS. DOG WHISTLES and WHIPS. REVOLVERS, by best English and American Makers.

TINNED PROVISIONS for Shooting Trips. L. A. N. E. CRAWFORD & CO. Hongkong, 5th September, 1883. [C32]

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L. A. N. E. CRAWFORD & CO. LTD. OF GENEVA, and Geneva throughout the world.

NOTICE.

A. S. WATSON & CO. FAMILY and DISPENSING CHEMISTS. By Appointment to His Excellency the GOVERNOR and his Royal Highness the DUKE of EDINBURGH.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL DRUGGISTS, PERFORMERS.

PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS, DRUGGISTS BUNDYNSY.

and

AERATED WATER MAKERS,

SHIPS' MEDICINE CHESTS REFFEEDEE, PASSENGER SHIPS SUPPLIED.

NOTICE.—To avoid delay in the execution of Orders it is particularly requested that all business communications be addressed to the Firm, A. S. Watson and Co., or HONG-KONG DISPENSARY. [C32]

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Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be discontinued until discontinued.

Correspondents are requested to furnish their name and address with communications addressed to the Editor, not for publication, but as evidence of good faith.

Orders for extra copies of the *Daily Press* should be sent before 11 a.m. on the day of publication. Not that the supply is limited.

Communications on Editorial matters should be addressed "The Editor," and those on business "The Manager," and not to individuals by name.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, SEPTEMBER 15TH, 1883.

SIMULTANEOUSLY with the publication of the accounts of the anti-foreign riot at Canton a correspondence which passed in April last between the Hongkong Chamber of Commerce and Admiral WILLIS has been placed before the public. The Committee of the Chamber wrote to the Admiral protesting against the insufficient protection afforded by the fleet under the Admiral's command to British commerce in those waters. The Admiral replies with rather scant courtesy, informing the Chamber that their statements are "at variance with actual facts," that it is his duty to give protection to British subjects, commerce, and possessions, and that he so disposes of the squadron under his command as suits him most conducive to the attainment of that object, or may be ordered by Her Majesty's Government, and that he used not assure the Chamber of Commerce that he reciprocates their desire to see British trade effectively guarded and that he is fully alive to the important mercantile interests which are represented in Hongkong. With regard to the statement that the harbour has on more than one occasion been left without the presence of an effective vessel-of-war, which the Admiral says is untrue, it is possible some misundstanding has been occasioned by the use of the word "effective." There are several vessels in reserve always lying here, but there can be no doubt that the harbour has at times been left without the presence of a vessel ready at once to put to sea if called upon, it would have been a serious thing if this had been the state of affairs when the riot at Canton occurred. The Admiral, however, seems to think that his discretion in the disposal of the vessels under his command is not to be questioned. We can only hope that his discretion will be confined within smaller limits in future, and that Her Majesty's Government will give such orders as will ensure the due protection by the fleet of the lives and property of British subjects at the various treaty ports. Admiral WILLIS is, as we understand, a capital sailor, and we would hesitate to criticise him in the purely technical part of his profession. With regard to the objects to which the attention of the fleet should be directed, however, and the effectiveness of the means taken to attain those objects, the public are quite competent to form an opinion as the Admiral and probably much more so. Bitterly as the Admiral WILLIS seems to resent criticism, judging from the tone of his reply to the letter of the Chamber of Commerce, he cannot escape it any more than other public functionaries. He says it is his duty to give protection to British subjects, commerce, and possessions, and that is so. He then goes on to say that he so disposes of the squadron under his command as seems to him most conducive to the attainment of that object. It neither wants a prophet nor a minister to see that it makes away nearly all his ships to ports where there are neither British subjects, commerce, nor possessions, or where British interests are represented on only a very small scale, leaving all the important points to be protected by one or two small garrisons. The measures taken are not due to the inattention of the object which ought to be kept in view, viz., the protection of British subjects, commerce, and possessions, whatever it may seem to the Admiral in the exercise of that discretion in which he

appears to place such unbounded confidence. It seems to us that while the fleet is to be kept in an effective condition to meet an enemy in case of the outbreak of war with any foreign power, the immediate duty of the vessels is to patrol the coast of China, not to allow to go to the wharf, the Consul considering it advisable that she should lie out in the stream.

Owing to the accident to the Hongkong, Canton, and Macao Steamship Co., between Hongkong and the Company's steamer *Kirkland*, which was placed on the line and left for Canton on the 15th last, the *Kirkland* has been docked to undergo the necessary repairs.

On Wednesday Carter telegraphed that Mr. Pateron had been appointed French Minister at Peking. We had no explanation at that time of the cause of M. Pateron's appointment, but in the American papers to hand yesterday we find the following telegram dated Paris, August 10th:—

"Pateron, the French Ambassador to China, has been recalled on account of ill-health."

A telegram in the American papers, dated 10th August, says: "The Paris correspondent of the *Morning Post* understands that the attention of the United States Minister has been called to the fact of America furnishing China with armaments, which it is believed, is the cause of the recent outbreak, which the American Legation refused to answer."

The events of Monday show how little the Chinese Authorities are to be relied on in an emergency, and British residents in China naturally look to the fleet of their own country for protection rather than to the native authorities, who are weak and vacillating, or the native soldiery, who are cowardly and in sympathy with the mob. It is no wonder therefore that when they find themselves deprived of protection for unnecessarily long periods of time, they should express irritation.

The Hongkong Chamber of Commerce did well in making the representations they did with regard to the injurious disposition of the vessels composing the squadron, and it would be advisable that it should be followed up by further representations to a higher quarter, representations in which it would be well that the communities at the various treaty ports should join. The Chamber of Commerce, in their letter to the Admiral, say:—

"The Committee feel it to be their duty to represent to Your Excellency that keeping in view the possibilities of local disturbances at any one of the Treaty ports and the special duties which a vessel of war may be called upon to undertake during a period of six months while the squadron will be at the port, it is very desirable that this harbour should be without the means of at least one of Her Majesty's ships—whether another is on board patrol duty along the coast." The contingency here indicated has come to pass. A disturbance has arisen at one of the ports, and Hongkong is left without the presence of an effective vessel of war. Canton, as it happens, is not very far away, and the two gunboats which have gone up could be speedily summoned had it not been for the fact that the facts of the case are quite sufficient to show that the vessels left in the south are insufficient for the duties which in certain eventualities they may be called upon to perform.

The delivery of the American mail was begun at 12.30 p.m. yesterday.

Surgeon Major M. McWhee, A.M.D., is expected here shortly for medical duty with the troops.

The British steamer *Benares* leaves the Aborigine dock to-day, the Dutch steamer *Comptroller* on Thursday to take over the duties of Brigade-Major here.Major Corcoran arrived by the P. & O. steamer *Thessaly* on Thursday to take over the duties of Brigade-Major here.Major Corcoran arrived by the P. & O. steamer *Thessaly* on Thursday to take over the duties of Brigade-Major here.The British steamer *Benares* leaves the Aborigine dock to-day, the Dutch steamer *Comptroller* on Thursday to take over the duties of Brigade-Major here.Major Corcoran arrived by the P. & O. steamer *Thessaly* on Thursday to take over the duties of Brigade-Major here.The British steamer *Benares* leaves the Aborigine dock to-day, the Dutch steamer *Comptroller* on Thursday to take over the duties of Brigade-Major here.The British steamer *Benares* leaves the Aborigine dock to-day, the Dutch steamer *Comptroller* on Thursday to take over the duties of Brigade-Major here.The British steamer *Benares* leaves the Aborigine dock to-day, the Dutch steamer *Comptroller* on Thursday to take over the duties of Brigade-Major here.The British steamer *Benares* leaves the Aborigine dock to-day, the Dutch steamer *Comptroller* on Thursday to take over the duties of Brigade-Major here.The British steamer *Benares* leaves the Aborigine dock to-day, the Dutch steamer *Comptroller* on Thursday to take over the duties of Brigade-Major here.The British steamer *Benares* leaves the Aborigine dock to-day, the Dutch steamer *Comptroller* on Thursday to take over the duties of Brigade-Major here.The British steamer *Benares* leaves the Aborigine dock to-day, the Dutch steamer *Comptroller* on Thursday to take over the duties of Brigade-Major here.The British steamer *Benares* leaves the Aborigine dock to-day, the Dutch steamer *Comptroller* on Thursday to take over the duties of Brigade-Major here.The British steamer *Benares* leaves the Aborigine dock to-day, the Dutch steamer *Comptroller* on Thursday to take over the duties of Brigade-Major here.The British steamer *Benares* leaves the Aborigine dock to-day, the Dutch steamer *Comptroller* on Thursday to take over the duties of Brigade-Major here.The British steamer *Benares* leaves the Aborigine dock to-day, the Dutch steamer *Comptroller* on Thursday to take over the duties of Brigade-Major here.The British steamer *Benares* leaves the Aborigine dock to-day, the Dutch steamer *Comptroller* on Thursday to take over the duties of Brigade-Major here.The British steamer *Benares* leaves the Aborigine dock to-day, the Dutch steamer *Comptroller* on Thursday to take over the duties of Brigade-Major here.The British steamer *Benares* leaves the Aborigine dock to-day, the Dutch steamer *Comptroller* on Thursday to take over the duties of Brigade-Major here.The British steamer *Benares* leaves the Aborigine dock to-day, the Dutch steamer *Comptroller* on Thursday to take over the duties of Brigade-Major here.The British steamer *Benares* leaves the Aborigine dock to-day, the Dutch steamer *Comptroller* on Thursday to take over the duties of Brigade-Major here.The British steamer *Benares* leaves the Aborigine dock to-day, the Dutch steamer *Comptroller* on Thursday to take over the duties of Brigade-Major here.The British steamer *Benares* leaves the Aborigine dock to-day, the Dutch steamer *Comptroller* on Thursday to take over the duties of Brigade-Major here.The British steamer *Benares* leaves the Aborigine dock to-day, the Dutch steamer *Comptroller* on Thursday to take over the duties of Brigade-Major here.The British steamer *Benares* leaves the Aborigine dock to-day, the Dutch steamer *Comptroller* on Thursday to take over the duties of Brigade-Major here.The British steamer *Benares* leaves the Aborigine dock to-day, the Dutch steamer *Comptroller* on Thursday to take over the duties of Brigade-Major here.The British steamer *Benares* leaves the Aborigine dock to-day, the Dutch steamer *Comptroller* on Thursday to take over the duties of Brigade-Major here.Everything remains quiet at Canton. The *Hawthorn*, on his arrival there on Thursday, was not allowed to go to the wharf, the Consul considering it advisable that she should lie out in the stream.Owing to the accident to the Hongkong, Canton, and Macao Steamship Co., between Hongkong, the Company's steamer *Kirkland*, which was placed on the line and left for Canton on the 15th last, the *Kirkland* has been docked to undergo the necessary repairs.

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ful accomplishment of the great movement towards reform in Egypt. In regard to the Tamairo affair, Mr. Gladstone said the Government had received full advice from Madagascar, confirming the hope that no difficulty existed which could not be solved by the generous and honourable dispositions which should always exist, especially between France and England. He did not feel at all anxious that the war which would distract their long-agoed Mr. Gladstone, continuing, said he was thankful, was able to record a great change in the condition of affairs in Ireland. The authority of the law, he said, had been reasserted there, and peace and security prevailed. Dark deeds of assassination had been effectively suppressed, and the conditions which had invited the unhappy frequency and severity of the outrages had been removed. A peasant was killed and a Colonist wounded. Order has been restored.

LONDON, 15th August. The Almighty, and, accordingly, to the Lord Lieutenant and Chief Secretary. He believed the end of the session would show that a fair amount of work had been achieved.

THE BUCCANEERS OF THE BLACK SEA.

LONDON, 15th August.

Information is received here from the State of Victoria, or Noisiel, one of the most dangerous pirates of the Black Sea, that an individual named Francesco Formi, a pilot of Italian origin, was at the head of a band of pirates of various nationalities—English, Italians, Greeks and Russians—who made their living by disasters on the coast. They were in collusion with the pirates, and charged large sums for assisting vessels, which pilots suffered to go ashore. In this way two passenger vessels were wrecked, and their crews to the assistance of these pirates salved. The English Marine Insurance Company, on learning of the facts, sent an agent to Odessa to lay the matter before the authorities. Preliminary inquiry fully confirmed the suspicion of the public, and it is said Government officials are compromised in the matter. English insurance companies have paid indemnities to the extent of two million pounds, and other circumstances of a singularly suspicious character, such as fortunes rapidly made by some of the pirates.

STATE AND FOR EMIGRANTS.

LONDON, 15th August. A meeting in favour of State aid emigration was held in the Mansion House. Earl Shaftesbury presided. A resolution was offered providing for sending 200,000 persons to Canada and other British colonies, and for providing them fares in their passage. Money for the purchase of land will be advanced by the State, which is to take mortgages on the farms as security for payment. The resolution was supported by the Archbishop of Canterbury and adopted. It is proposed to send 10,000 families to Canada next Spring.

THE REVOLT IN SPAIN.

LONDON, 15th August. A despatch from Paris asserts that Alfonso XII is in Spain, where he is in person directing the rising in that country, which it is declared are spreading.

PARIS, 14th August.

Le Temps says—a Spanish regiment has revolted in Catalonia and conflicts have taken place between the insurgents and royal troops at Lleida. De Urquiza, under figures.

MADRID, 15th August.

King Alfonso has issued a decree forbidding Senators and Deputies and Magistrates from Havana and Madrid. In their address they lamented the revolutionary outbreak and protested devotion to the throne. The King, in reply, thanked the visitors and declared what had occurred would not alter his resolve to continue to identify the throne with the aspirations of the people, with whom he would always remain united through good or adverse fortune. All the Provinces are tranquill.

NEW YORK, 15th August.

The Herald's Madrid correspondent telegraphs that no news of a crisis had been spread after the council presided over by the King yesterday. "I endeavoured to obtain the opinion of Marshal Campos. He declares that he cannot answer for the future, though he will not desert his post. He is anxious to make the revolution more moderate, and to bring about a reconciliation, as some of the friends of the revolutionary party have announced it would. Campos and Sastago differ on the constitutionality of separation, and keeping up of a state of siege." Sagasta says the stage ought to be raised before the King gets the sound of the provincial garrisons. All the civil authorities maintain that the last intrigues and movements were only a means to cover up the real intentions of the Government, which, with the public opinion of the moment, is to call a general election. The King, in his official circle, the friends of Sagasta admit that he may seize this opportunity to get rid of Campos, whose popularity in the army has contributed to slacken the energy of the part of the military authorities in the discovery of the revolutionary plot. Sagasta, who is the most prominent of the military, and at the same time of obliterating the Dynastic Left. Sagasta announces that it is a move of liberality in defense of monarchy, and against democracy, placing the King in the dilemma of acceptance or rebellion. The King is disposed to blindly follow the conservative course. Campos desired him in the state of the army, and wanted to make him part of the military bourgeoisie, by visits to the barracks.

I have seen copies of a proclamation issued by the Revolutionaries in Barbados; Leo de Urquiza, Barcelona and Seville. They all proclaim a republic, with the Constitution of 1868, religious liberty, separation of the Church and State, and the autonomy of the communities, with judicial reforms everywhere.

The King's journey to Germany is not yet all decided in diplomatic circles. The people say that it will be undertaken for fear of fresh outbreaks. The news from the South and Andalusia is still disquieting. The news from the south and Andalusia is still disquieting. This prevents the King from leaving Madrid for a few days.

MADRID, 16th August.

A newspaper here declared the French specifically raised 700,000 francs for the purpose of covering the Spanish arms, and began to speak about the rising. The paper making this assertion promises to give more particulars as concerning the scheme when the censorship of the press is abolished. Some official journals admit that there may be some foundation for the story.

ERIOZ, 15th AUGUST.

AIR BROKE across the quayside in consequence of a report that English doctors were poisoning the natives. The mob attempted to destroy the ambulances, crying, "Death to Christians." The outbreak was easily quelled by British troops and the gendarmes patrols.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

OTTAWA, 15th August. Owing to recent threats made by the Indians, a guard is to be mounted at Rideau Hall and the other buildings of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police with bayoneted rifles. Lord Dufferin and Prince Louise will remain here until the arrival of Lord Lansdowne.

BERLIN, 15th August.

The Luther Festival was a great success. The historical procession, traversing the streets of Erfurt this afternoon excited much admiration, especially the group in which Luther was represented surrounded by armed knights. Bodies of singers greeted the procession at different points along the route.

LIVERPOOL, 15th August.

Patrick O'Brien, who with Michael Hayes and Frederick Slater, was arrested in May last on the charge of spreading circulars calculated to damage juries who had sat on various trials in Dublin, has been convicted and sentenced to six months' imprisonment. The others were discharged.

PARIS, 15th August.

The Spanish Ambassador here has complained to the French Minister of Foreign Affairs that France does not sufficiently disown the rebels in Spain.

ST. PETERSBURG, 15th August.

A fresh collision occurred between the troops and populace at Ekaterinodar. A hundred people were killed.

VIENNA, 15th August.

The Austrian Government, the Government are engaged in negotiations for the complete annexation of Bosnia and Herzegovina by Austria.

CENTRE, 15th August.

Prince Karagorovich and Princess Suryk, daughter and oldest child of the Prince of Monte Negro, were united in marriage to-day. The ceremony was performed with great pomp.

BERLIN, 15th August. A letter from Crown Prince Frederick William to Prince Bismarck is gazetted. The Crown Prince says he is convinced the Germans are desirous of giving succour to friends in adversity, and he and his wife have, therefore, placed their names at the head of a subscription list in aid of the people who suffered by the recent earthquake at Izmir.

PARIS, 15th August. In the elections held throughout the country for Members of Council-General, 71 districts return Republicans and 23 Conservatives. Second ballots are necessary in 17 districts. There is a Republicans net gain.

LONDON, 15th August. A riotous outbreak occurred in the town of Chaves, Portugal, accompanied with a local grievance. A peasant was killed and a Colonist wounded. Order has been restored.

LONDON, 15th August.

There are alarming signs of another earthquake on the Island of Ishaia. The springs are dry and smoke is issuing from the fissures in the ground. The Minister of Public Works has issued an order for the immediate erection of huts for the accommodation of the people in those who are compelled to leave their houses.

DURHAM, 15th August.

There has been a two days' battle between the followers of Cetewayo and those of Usibepa, with great slaughter on both sides. The Usibepa is said to have been defeated and fled.

PARIS, 15th August.

At a banquet here, at which 120 persons were present, speeches were made in favour of Prince Victor, son of Prince Jerome Napoleon, as chief of the Bonapartists.

ROME, 15th August.

It is stated that the Vatican has determined to ask France for explanations in regard to the divergence between the terms contained in Prost's Grey's recent letter to the Pope and in the instructions given the French Ambassador at the Papal Court.

GIBRALTAR, 15th August.

A portion of the Italian squadron has left Algiers, eastward-bound, under sealed orders.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

FRIDAY, 15th September. EXCHANGE.

LONDON.—Bank Bills, on demand, 377.

Bank Bills, at 30 days' sight, 378.

Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight, 383.

Credits, at 4 months' sight, 384.

Domestic Bills, at 4 months' sight, 384.

ON PARIS.—Bank Bills, on demand, 460.

Credits, at 3 months' sight, 470.

Bank Bills, at 3 days' sight, 223.

ON CALCUTTA.—Bank, 3 days' sight, 223.

ON SHANGHAI.—Bank, 3 days' sight, 223.

ON AMOY.—Bank, 3 days' sight, 223.

ON SWATOW.—Bank & F'CHOW, 223.

ON HONGKONG.—Bank, 3 days' sight, 223.

ON TAIPEH.—Bank, 3 days' sight, 223.

ON KANTO.—Bank, 3 days' sight, 223.

ON TAKAO.—Bank, 3 days' sight, 223.

ON TAIPEH.—Bank, 3 days' sight, 223.

EXTRACTS.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

A BALLAD OF PAST MERIDIAN.
Last night returning from my twilight walk,
I met the gray mist Death, whose eyes were brown
Was bent on me, and from his hand of black
He reached me. How was I from a withered bough?
O, Death, what bitter message givest thou!
Death said, "I gather," and pursued his way.
Another stood by me, a shape in stone,
Sword-hafted and iron-clad, with breasts of clay,
And metal veins that sometimes fiery shone;
O, life, how naked and how hard when known!

Life said, "As thou hast earned me, such am I!"

The moment, like the night on the pine,
And righteous joys, a woodland in sight lay.

Joined to death and life till night's decline:

Of death, of life, those in world were silent.

GEORGE MEREDITH.

A PARISIAN FEMALE RAG-PICKER.
Among the customeurs of the *assommoir* is a female rag-picker, said to have been one of the fashionable beauties who astonished the citizens of Paris with their splendour and magnificence when Charles X. sat on the throne of the Bourbons. She tells those who listen to her how she lived, and age and misfortune have by her been attributed to the Revolution of July. When the battle was raging in the streets of Paris a dozen years ago she was busy among the combatants. She had no fine, no preferences; and the blouse of the Communist, the red uniform of the soldier, and the gold lace and epaulettes of the officer were torn by her long lean claws from the dying. Her wicker basket was brought home again filled with spoil, with blood-stained shreds of clothing, and with spent bullets. She is one of those who wallow in theuire of the Rue de la Revolte, or lie basking in the sun on the dirty roadway. Her brilliant toilettes have been philosophically replaced by rags, and she finds her daily food in the gutter, eating the dry crusts which have been thrown into the street, or waiting for the broken viands distributed to the poor at early morn at the doors of restaurants where she was once an honoured guest.

MARIO BEFORE HE CAME ON THE STAGE.

Mario, the great tenor, was generally known by his real name of Di Candia—"I live a great deal with Di Candia, with whom I formed a close acquaintance in London, and saw almost daily, and which, from a similarity of tastes, and perhaps from a great dissimilarity of opinions, and still more from the interest which his unfortunate position excited in me, has quickly ripened into friendship. He has a good deal of talent and facility, particularly for music, having one of the finest voices I ever heard, and a good deal of imagination (of this, indeed, too much for his own welfare), and I think he is worthy of a better lot than that which has fallen upon him. As it is, it seems probable that, for want of other means of gaining to himself an independence, he will be obliged to resort to the stage as a profession, and I think it not improbable but that, with study and with his remarkable advantages of looks and voice, he may rise to great eminence in this very thorny career. I have endeavoured to persuade him that independence should be his first object, and that notwithstanding all the scruples which a man of birth and education may justly entertain against embracing a profession which is considered as more or less inferior to any other, still there is nothing, or there need be nothing, degrading in it, or of which a man, to whom no other mode of gaining an independence is open, should be ashamed."—*Diary of Henry Greville*.

THIS EDUCATED KAFFIR.

The educated Baboo who has to do his best if he does not want to be eclipsed by the educated Kaffir. The latter is going along fast. He has already got as far as having a newspaper of his own, and this journal appears to contain the civilized refutation of matrimonial advertisements. A Port Elizabeth newspaper gives us a specimen of one of these advertisements which appeared in the *Argus* during last month:—

Mariage: This advertiser, a Kaffir, begs to announce to all girls—that he wants a good-looking spinster to be joined with him in holy matrimony. She must be of average height, of bright copper colour, age between seventeen and twenty-one years. The qualifications required are that she is expert in house-keeping and a thorough hand at all domestic work. The advertiser is tired of eating stamped mackrel and unleavened bread. He is of ordinary height, twenty-five years of age, pretty, with a good moustache. In stock and property he is worth £135, has a healthy constitution and strong arms. He understands how to work. The girl who, on reading this advertisement, may choose to accopmpany him through thick and thin in this life, may depend upon her choice. Those willing to reply to this advertisement must enclose their photos, which will be returned to the advertiser and his friendly adviser for selection therefrom. Exected photos will be returned after the decision is come at. "Pounds" (very short girls) need not apply. Address "A. B. C. P. Elizabeth."

"We are not going to comment," says the Port Elizabeth journal, "but we may remark that the natives are certainly advancing."

THE REMOVAL OF SION COLLEGE.

John James's fine church at Greenwich stands over the spot where in 1012 Alpheus, Archbishop of Canterbury, was murdered by the Danes. The saint and martyr gave his name to a parish in Stepney Ward, London. The small parish church of St. Alpheus, London Wall, was built in 1777 from the designs, it is said, of George Dance, the younger, but not, as is commonly supposed, on the site of his predecessor. The earlier church, situated on the City wall, westwards of the churchyard, whereof a part with the Wall adjoins, yet remains, and near to the saintly St. John's bartizan. The church of St. Alpheus having been suffered to fall into ruin, the parishioners in 1546 paid £204 for the remains of the prior church at the north-western corner of Aldersgate street, over which priory church the present St. Alpheus's Church was afterwards erected. Dedicated to St. Mary the Virgin, that priory was a convent of an ecclesiastical foundation, known as Elyng's Spital, that had its superintendence in a nunnery there. William Elyng, citizen and mercer, established his hospital (1329) for 100 sick men, mostly lepers, and paralysed and blind, under care of a warden and four secular priests. Within a few years Elyng remodeled his endowment into a priory, with a staff of five Augustinian canons regular and a prior himself the first. A fire destroyed the priory and part of the prior's church in 1544. Valued at £193 15s. 5d. at the Dissolution, St. Mary's Priory was bought from the King by Sir John Williams, first Lord Thame, keeper of the King's jewels, who was living here when that fire totally consumed the Spital, its almshouses, and cloister gallery. The prior church—escaping not only this, but the later disaster of 1666—had meanwhile been adopted as the parish church of St. Alpheus. Though much decayed, it was not finally demolished until 1724. Owned by various tenants in succession, Elyng's Spital was bought for £2,600, for the purposes of Sion College, which the Fellows have just definitely resolved to remove to Victoria Embankment.—Builder.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

THAT large piece of GROUND measuring about 50 mow and known as "Fernsicht" with buildings thereon, situated in Kalat in close vicinity to the business part of Swatow.

The BUILDINGS comprise Senior and Junior HONG with the usual Outhouses, and are built in a most substantial manner, both being of stone, the roof being of tiles.

The LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF MEAT.

"is a success and a boon for which nations should feel grateful."—*Commercial Press*.

The LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF MEAT.

"Consumption in England increased tenfold in ten years."

CAUTION.—Gentlemen only who have the Liebig Extract of Meat in stock are invited to the Liebig Extract of Meat.

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